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# UNIT 1. FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS

## Lesson 1

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### 1. Прочитай.

**a nuclear family** (*малая семья*) — a husband and wife and their children are a nuclear family. A nuclear family isn't very big. There are 4 members in my nuclear family — my mum, dad, my sister and me.

**an extended family** (*расширенная семья*) — extend — extended — extension; several generations of relatives: uncles, aunts, grandparents, cousins are an extended family. How many members are there in your extended family? Do you often meet the members of your extended family? The meeting of all the relatives of the extended family is called a family reunion.

**a single-parent family** (*семья, в которой ребёнок живёт только с мамой или только с папой*) — a family where there is a mother and a child or children, or where there is only a father and a child or children.

**to rely on smb** (*полагаться на кого-либо*) — You can always rely on your family in difficult moments of your life. It's nice if you have someone to rely on.

**a close-knit family** (*сплочённая семья*) — We are a close-knit family — we are always very friendly.

**a shoulder to cry on** (*кто-то, кто выслушивает твои проблемы; «жилетка», чтобы поплакаться*) — Nick gave me a shoulder to cry on. My sister always comes when I need a shoulder to cry on.

**to deal with** (*иметь дело с кем-либо, справиться с чем-либо*) — In a close-knit family, you can deal with your problems better. And if you deal with your problems, you feel happy. Nick spent the morning dealing with his emails.

**to support smb** (*поддерживать кого-либо*) — To support somebody means to give or be ready to give help to somebody if they need it. My parents always support me. My Granny supported us through many difficult times.

**to feel secure** (*чувствовать себя защищённым*) — Supportive family and friends make you feel secure. To feel secure means to feel safe and protected.

**to feel confident** (*чувствовать себя уверенно*) — The best way to start feeling confident is to stand with your shoulders back and chin up. It is easy to feel confident when your family support you.

**to get on / along** (*ладить с кем-либо*) — If two or more people get along, they like each other and are friendly to each other. Nick doesn't really get along with my sister's husband.

**siblings** (*братья и сёстры*) — A brother and a sister are my siblings. I have four siblings: three brothers and a sister. None of my siblings are married yet.

## 2. Переведи.

1. But the truth is that I had a very happy childhood, full of laughter and love, in a very close-knit family.

*Но правда в том, что у меня было очень счастливое детство, полное смеха и любви, в очень дружной семье.*

---

2. In all cases, it is essential to keep siblings together.
- 

3. I told you, Nick, you can't force them to get along.
- 

4. What do you need to feel confident in the lesson?
- 

5. My Mum wants me to feel secure and safe when I stay at home alone.
- 

6. Nick said he was ready to support me with my plan to redecorate my room.
- 

7. My parents welcomed my sincere efforts to deal with the problem of organising an interesting workshop for my classmates.
- 

8. If you need a shoulder to cry on, I've got two right here.
- 

9. If you can't rely on others, you have to rely on God.
- 

## 3. Ответь на вопросы.

1. What is a nuclear family?
- 

2. Are there many single-parent families in your city?
- 

3. Do you have an extended family?
- 

4. Do you feel support of your parents in difficult situations?
- 

5. Who do you rely on if you have a problem at school?
- 

6. Does your friend give you a shoulder to cry on when you have difficulties?
- 

7. Do you get on well with your classmates?
- 

8. What subjects do you feel confident at?
- 

9. Do you feel secure when you find in an unknown place?
-

10. Do you have siblings?

11. How can people deal with the quarrels in an extended family?

**4. Заполни пропуски подходящими по смыслу словами из рамки.**

siblings, get on, extended, feel secure, single-parent, shoulder to cry on, deal with, close-knit, support, rely on, nuclear, feel confident

1. Tom has a brother and a sister. His *siblings* are both schoolchildren.
2. My family is a \_\_\_\_\_ one: mother, father and me.
3. We \_\_\_\_\_ well with my sister.
4. I always \_\_\_\_\_ when my Mum is near.
5. The Johnsons are a \_\_\_\_\_ family.
6. My parents always \_\_\_\_\_ me in difficult situations.
7. Sam knows he can \_\_\_\_\_ me if necessary.
8. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ when you answer the teacher's questions?
9. My sister often gives me a \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Ann is the easiest to \_\_\_\_\_ in our family.
11. How many members are there in your \_\_\_\_\_ family?
12. Mike grew up in a \_\_\_\_\_ family.

**5. Исправь ошибки.**

1. Nelly can rely with her parents.

2. Your friends always give you a hand to cry on.

3. In our family, we do a lot of things together and care for one another because we are a close-sewn family.

4. People who have a strong family behind them feel more seurence.

5. If you are confidence, you feel sure about your skills and abilities.

6. We can deal about life better if we are supported by our relatives.

7. Tom has a lot of relatives: parents, siblings, aunts, uncles, cousins and grandparents. He comes from a nuclear family.

## Lesson 2

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### Future Simple

#### 6. Прочитай.

1. **face:** oval, round, angular, square, long
2. **hair:** wavy, straight, curly, going bald, spiky
3. **cheeks:** round, rosy, chubby, with dimples, with freckles
4. **eyebrows:** arched, thick, thin, bushy
5. **eyes:** blue, grey, brown, hazel, green, big, almond-shaped
6. **eyelashes:** thick, long short
7. **nose:** straight, crooked, snub, pointed, button, hook
8. **mouth:** small, wide, full lips, thin upper / lower lip
9. **chin:** pointed, double, square
10. **forehead:** wide, low
11. **moustache:** big, thin, thick
12. **beard:** long, short
13. **height / build:** tall, slim, skinny, muscular, broad-shouldered
14. **age:** a baby, a child, a teenager, in his / her early twenties, in his / her mid-thirties, in his / her late forties, middle-aged

#### 7. Переведи.

1. У него широкий лоб с тонким шрамом в виде молнии.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Его отец носит короткую бородку.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Её дедушка — высокий худощавый мужчина лет семидесяти пяти.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. У этого подростка широкий лоб, курносый нос и карие глаза.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Высокий лысеющий мужчина средних лет вошёл в здание.  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Эта юная девушка с длинными ресницами и большими миндалевидными глазами — моя двоюродная сестра.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. Мальчишка с колючими волосами, овальным лицом и большим ртом оказался нашим соседом.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

8. Кто из твоих друзей носит яркий макияж?  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. У моего старшего брата короткая борода и усы.  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Какой у твоей сестры нос: прямой, курносый или заострённый?  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Future Simple

**will + bare infinitive** (*will* + инфинитив без частицы *to*)

Мы употребляем **Future Simple**:

- для предсказаний будущего, основанных на том, что мы думаем, во что верим или чего ожидаем, особенно после фраз и глаголов **I am sure, I am afraid, I don't know, think, believe, expect, etc.:**  
*I am sure Mike **will get** the job.*
- для выражения решений, принятых в момент речи:  
*I like this dress. I **will buy** it.*
- для выражения обещания (promise), угрозы (threat), предупреждения (warning), просьбы (request), надежды (hope) или предложения (offer):  
*I promise I **will learn** the rules.*
- для выражения действий, событий, ситуаций, которые произойдут в будущем и которые мы не можем контролировать:  
*Sam **will be** twelve years old in December.*

### 8. Объясни употребление *Future Simple*.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The temperature <b>will reach</b> 35 °C tomorrow.</li> <li>2. I think it'll <b>rain</b> tomorrow.</li> <li>3. It is cold. I <b>will put on</b> a warm sweater.</li> <li>4. We hope Nick <b>will help</b> us.</li> <li>5. I like these shoes. I <b>will buy</b> them.</li> <li>6. Mike promises he <b>will visit</b> us.</li> <li>7. We believe he <b>will win</b> the race.</li> <li>8. I am sure he <b>will give</b> you a lift.</li> <li>9. Jane <b>will be</b> five in December.</li> <li>10. <b>Will you help</b> me with maths?</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) предсказание, основанное на том, что мы думаем;</li> <li>b) решение, принятое в момент речи;</li> <li>c) действие, которое мы не можем контролировать;</li> <li>d) выражение обещания, угрозы, надежды, просьбы и т.д.</li> </ol> |
|---|---|

## Lesson 3

### Конструкция *to be going to*

#### 13. Прочитай.

**to take after somebody** (*быть похожим на*) — Children always take after their parents. I know that I take after my father. My sister takes after our Granny — she looks and behaves like Granny.

**to be strict** (*быть строгим*) — Our teacher is very strict. She makes us behave well and follow the rules.

**to be sentimental** (*быть сентиментальным*) — Our Granny often gets sentimental, especially when she tells us how she was bringing her children up with love and care. Jenny saved her wedding dress for sentimental reasons.

**to be sensible** (*быть благоразумным*) — Tom is very sensible — he will never do anything stupid.

**to be full of beans** (*быть оживлённым; быть в приподнятом настроении*) — My cousin John is a very energetic person, full of beans.

**to be the breadwinner** (*быть кормильцем*) — Who is the breadwinner in your family? Today it often happens that mother is the breadwinner in the family.

**charming** (*очаровательная*) — Ann is in her mid-twenties, a very sensible, attractive and charming young lady.

**down-to-earth** (*реалистичный, приземлённый*) — Ted is down-to-earth, I mean he is always very practical.

**broad-minded** (*широкомыслящий*) — A broad-minded man is always willing to accept behaviour or beliefs that are different from his own.

**hot-tempered** (*вспыльчивый*) — Greg frequently disagrees with what other people say. He is very hot-tempered.

#### to be going to

Мы употребляем конструкцию **to be going to**:

- для выражения планов и намерений на будущее:  
*I am going to become a famous singer one day.*
- для выражения действий, которые мы решили совершить в ближайшем будущем, но ещё их ни с кем не согласовывали:  
*I am going to leave for London.*
- для предсказаний будущего, когда тому есть свидетельства, факты:  
*Look at this cloud! It is going to rain.*

#### 14. Переведи.

1. I am going to visit my dentist.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. We are going to play tennis with Nick.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. They are going to get married soon.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. I am going to have a garden party next week.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. She is going to take up dancing.  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. I am going to get rid of my freckles.  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. Sam is going to change his haircut.  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Look! She is going to cut all your flowers.  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. Mike is going to become a doctor when he finishes medical school.  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Are you going to support your friends if they need it?  
\_\_\_\_\_

#### 15. Подчеркни правильный вариант.

1. **A:** What are you doing this afternoon?  
**B:** I **will / am going to** meet Tom for a coffee. Would you like to join us?
2. **A:** We haven't got any milk.  
**B:** OK. I **am going to / will go** and buy some.
3. **A:** Did you return the book to the library?  
**B:** Oh no, sorry. I **will / am going to** bring it back tomorrow.
4. **A:** What are you going to wear to Nick's garden party?  
**B:** I don't know. Probably I **am going to / will** put on my jeans.
5. **A:** The sky is very dark today, isn't it?  
**B:** Yes, I am sure it **is going to / will** rain.
6. **A:** Watch out! You **will / are going to** hurt yourself.  
**B:** Oh, thank you. I didn't realise the door threshold was so high.
7. **A:** Is Nick driving into town?  
**B:** Yes, I am sure he **is going to / will** give you a lift if you ask him.
8. **A:** I don't want to miss the start of the film.  
**B:** I am sure we **are going to / will** be on time.

9. **A:** Listen! Sue is playing the piano.  
**B:** Yes, she **will / is going to** be a musician.

**16. Вставь will или be going to в соответствующей форме.**

1. **A:** Would you like tea or coffee?  
**B:** Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_ have a cup of tea, please.
2. **A:** Your hair needs cutting.  
**B:** I know. I \_\_\_\_\_ visit my hairdresser tomorrow.
3. **A:** Have you decided which dress to buy?  
**B:** Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ buy the blue one.
4. **A:** Sam is half an hour late.  
**B:** I think I \_\_\_\_\_ give him a call.
5. **A:** Your trousers are dirty.  
**B:** I know. I \_\_\_\_\_ wash them.
6. **A:** You look very tired.  
**B:** I know. I \_\_\_\_\_ have a rest.
7. **A:** You have to be early tomorrow.  
**B:** I \_\_\_\_\_ get up early tomorrow.
8. **A:** I have decided what to wear for the party.  
**B:** Really? What \_\_\_\_\_ wear, then?
9. **A:** Are you going to the city centre?  
**B:** Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ give you a lift if you like.
10. **A:** Watch out! You \_\_\_\_\_ knock the chair down.  
**B:** Oh, I didn't realise it was on the way.
11. **A:** Look at that dog!  
**B:** Oh, yes. It \_\_\_\_\_ swim across the river.
12. **A:** I'm hungry.  
**B:** Me too. I \_\_\_\_\_ make us something to eat.

**17. Исправь ошибки.**

1. She has bought a kilo of sugar. She will make a cake.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. I don't know how to switch on this oven. — OK. I am going to show you.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Oh, I forgot my pen at home. — Don't worry! I will be give you one.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Why are there a lot of people? — The President will open the new hospital.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. How can we take this fridge home? — I think, I am going to call a taxi.  
\_\_\_\_\_